
SOMALIA

Health at a glance

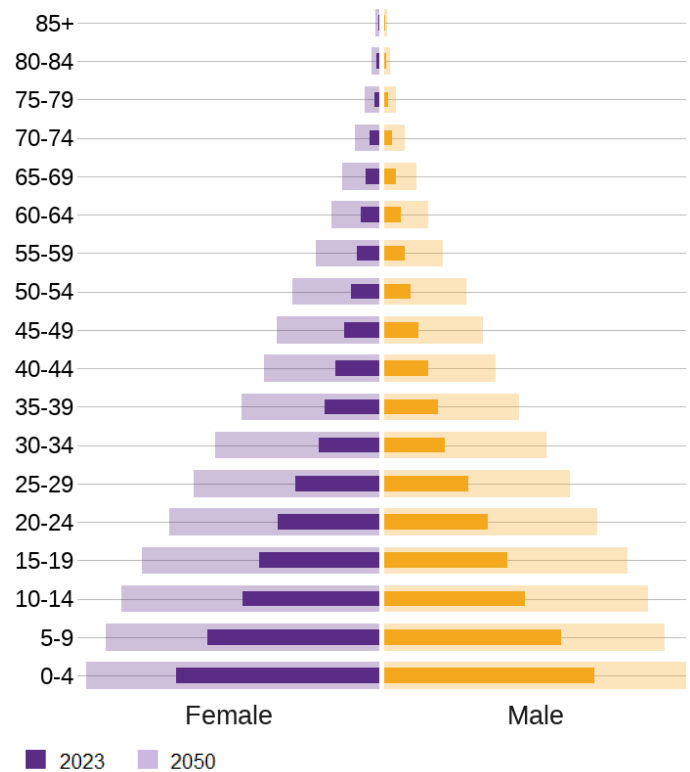
Overview

In Somalia, the population as of 2023 is 18 358 615 with a projected increase of 103% to 37 206 512 by 2050.

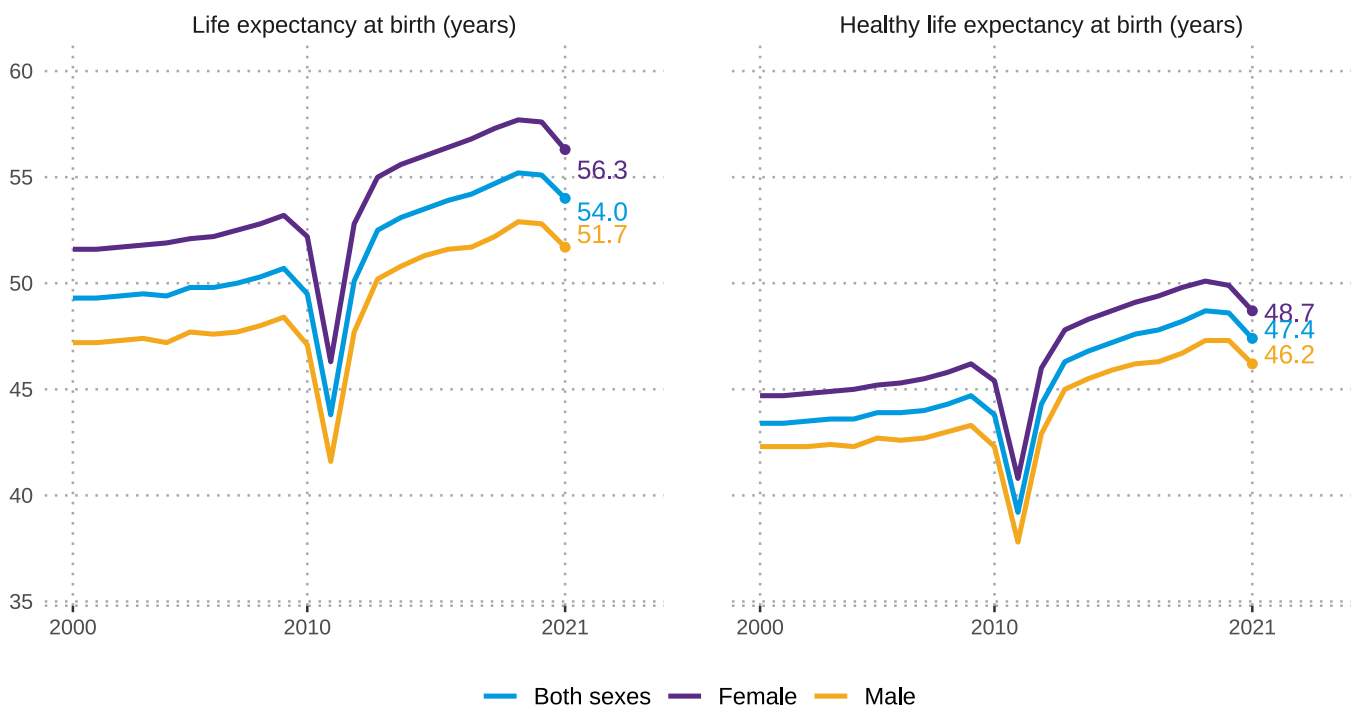
Life expectancy at birth (years) has improved by 5.9 years from 49.3 [48.2 - 50.4] years in 2000 to 55.2 [53.9 - 56.7] years in 2019. Since 2019, life expectancy has decreased to 54 [52.9 - 55.1] years.

Somalia had 209 704 total deaths in 2021; 64% of deaths were from communicable, maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions; 25% were from noncommunicable diseases; 8% were from injuries; and 3% were from other COVID-19 pandemic-related outcomes.

Demographic change, 2023-2050

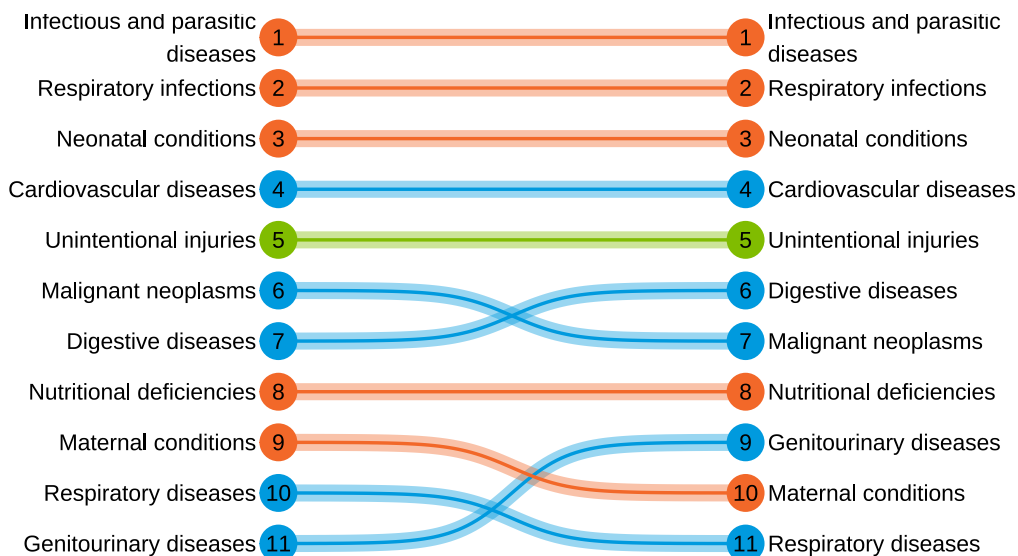


Life expectancy and healthy life expectancy by sex, 2000-2021

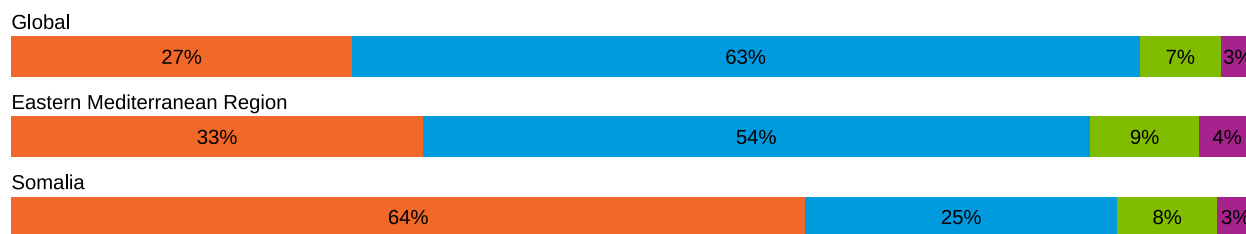


■ Communicable diseases
 ■ Noncommunicable diseases
 ■ Injuries
 ■ Other COVID-19 pandemic-related outcomes

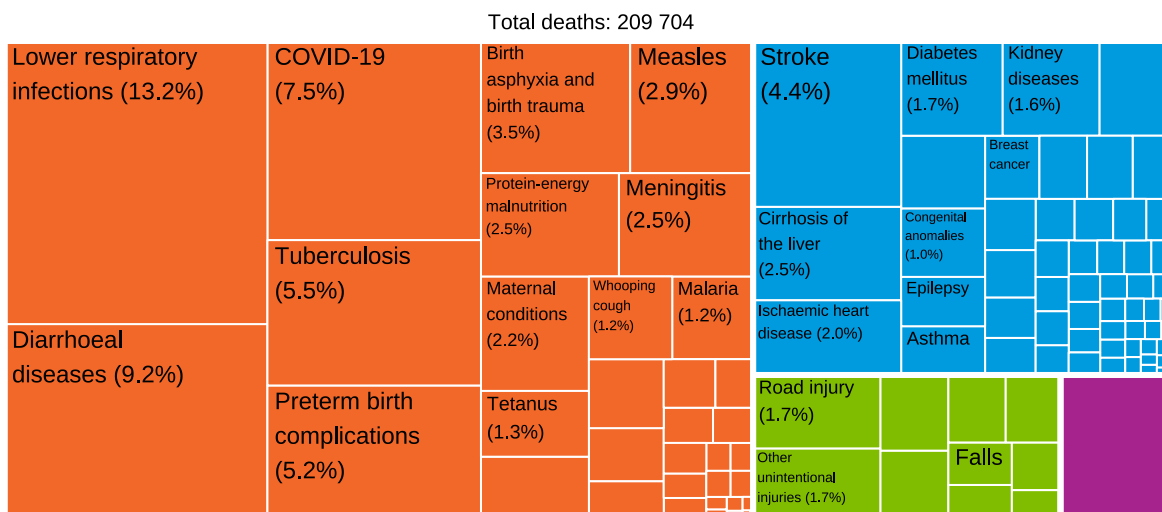
Top 10 level 2 causes of death, 2000-2021



Overall causes of death, 2021



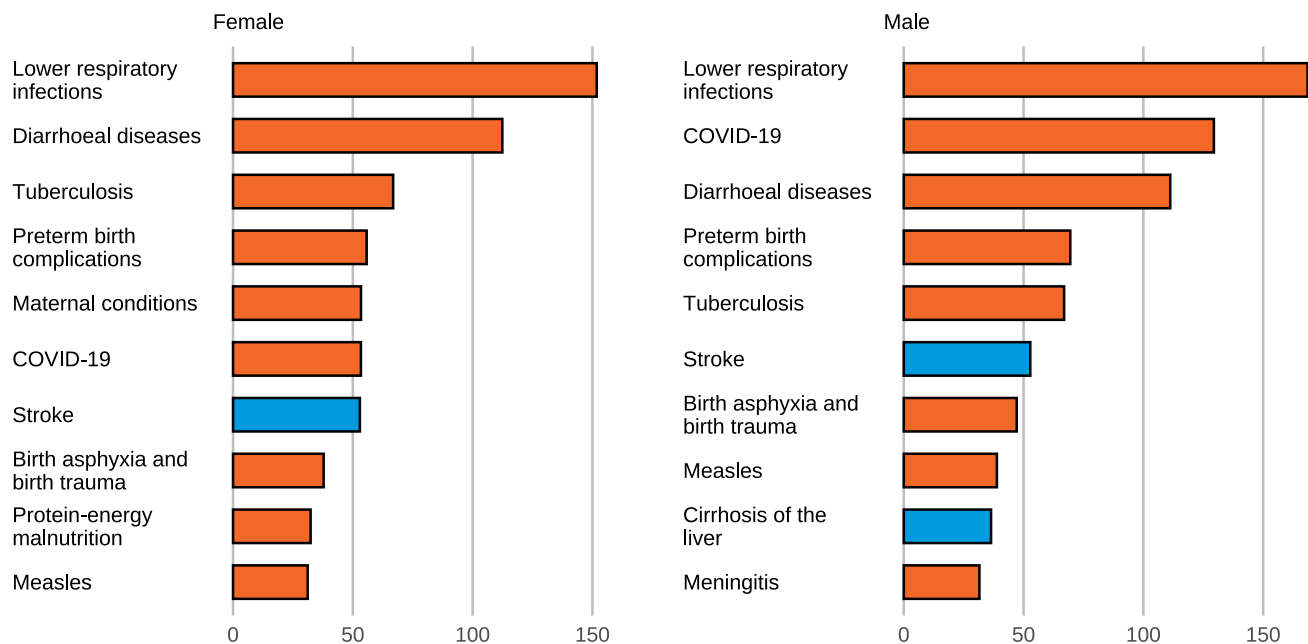
Detailed causes of death, 2021



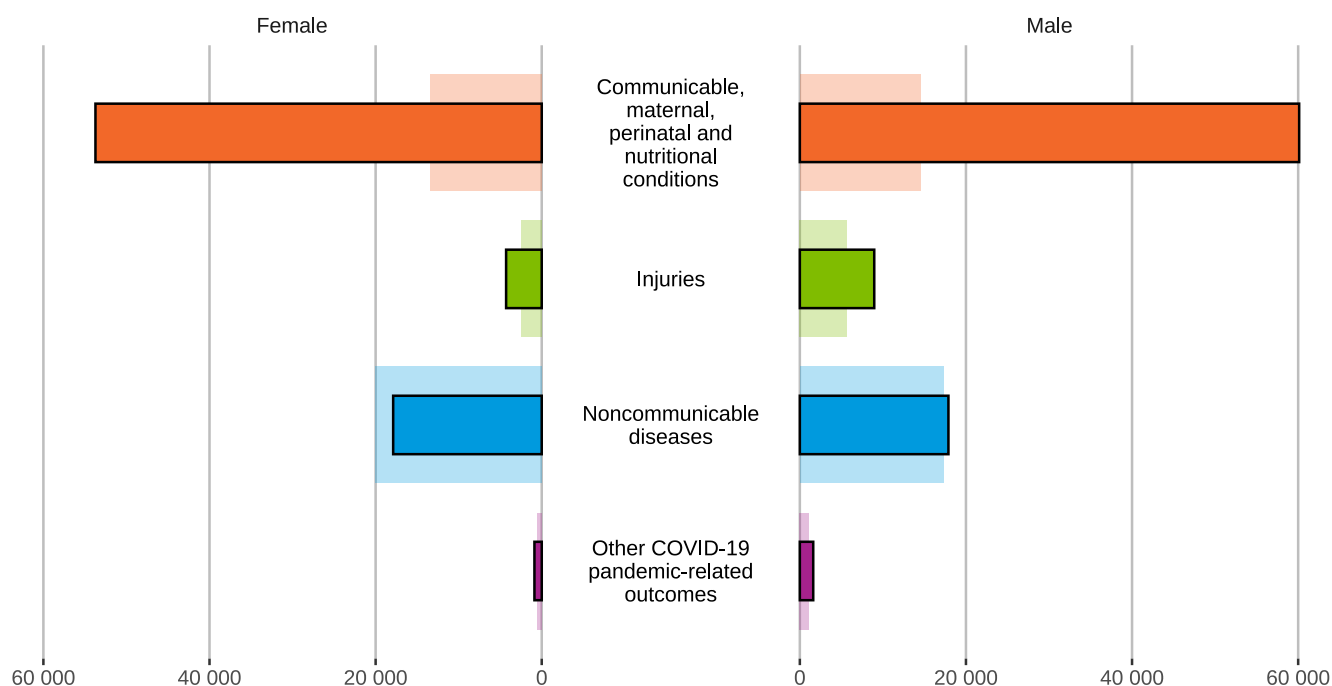
Note: Communicable diseases includes maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions.

■ Communicable diseases
 ■ Noncommunicable diseases
 ■ Injuries
 ■ Other COVID-19 pandemic-related outcomes

Top 10 detailed causes of death by sex, 2021 (deaths per 100 000 population)

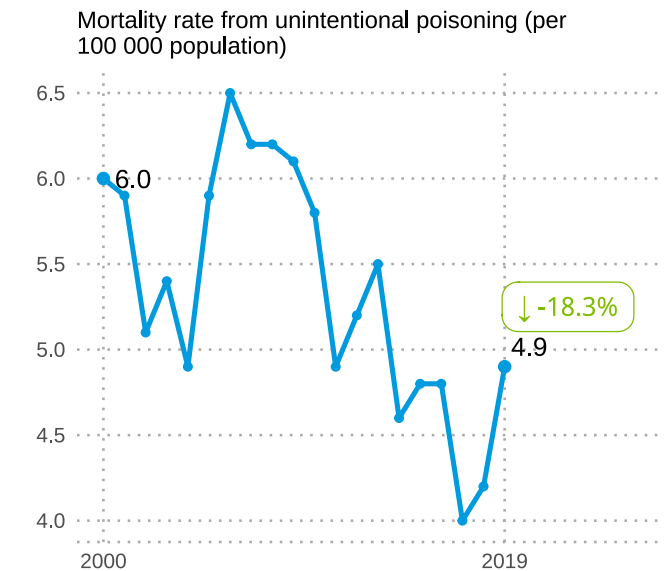
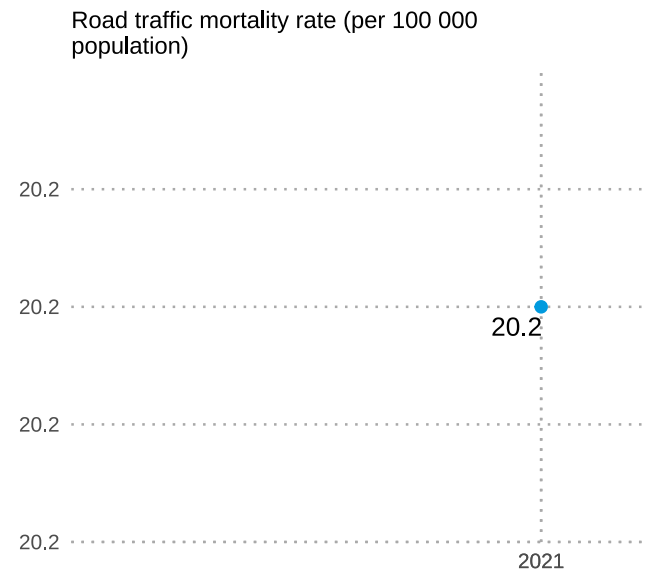
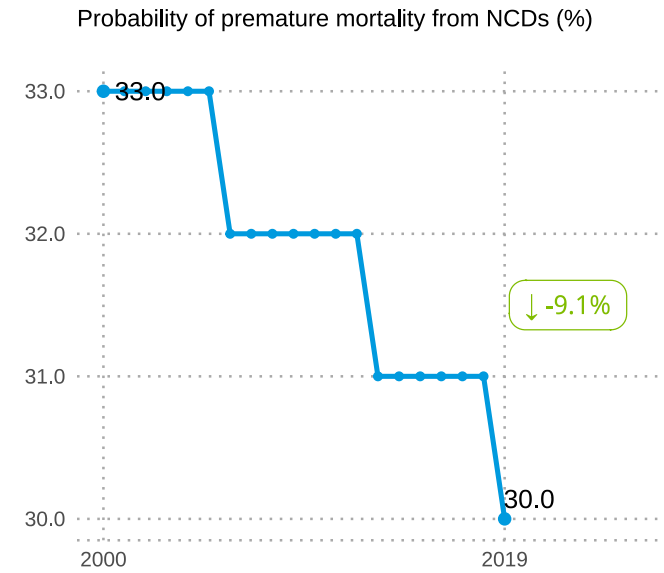
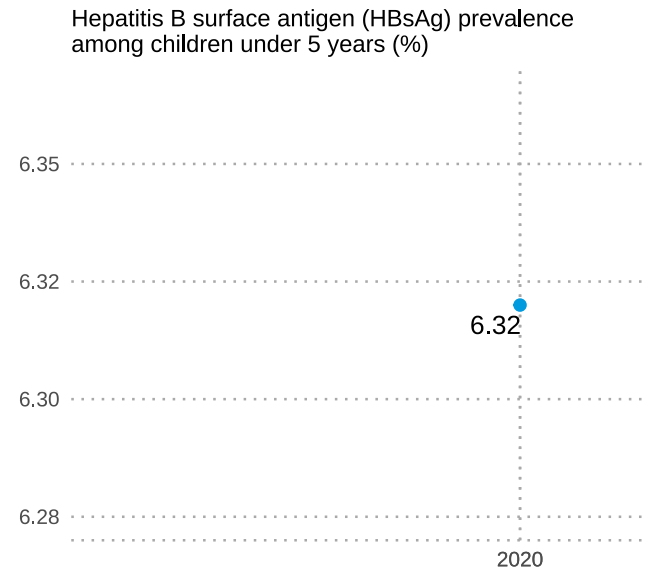
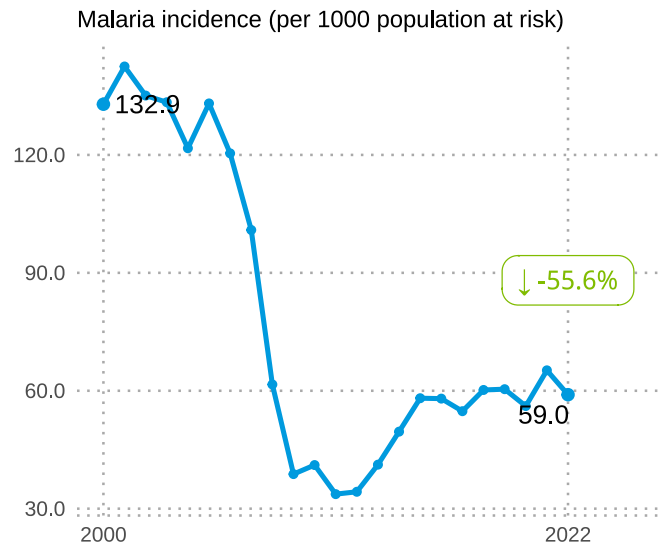
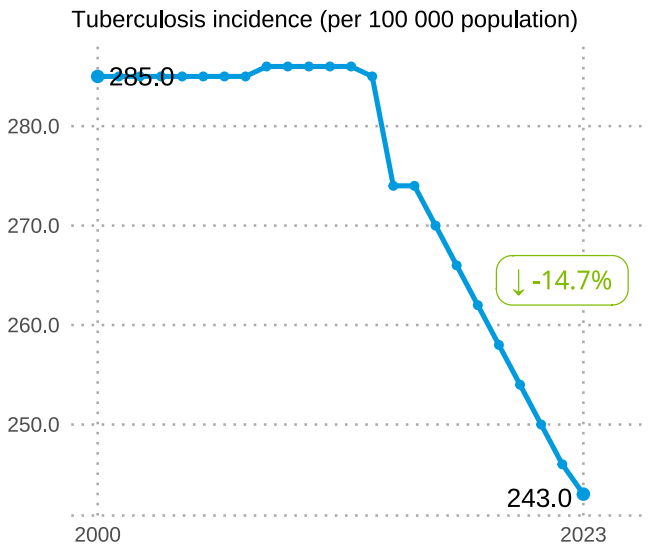


Disability adjusted life-years (DALYs) by sex, 2021 (DALYs per 100 000 population)

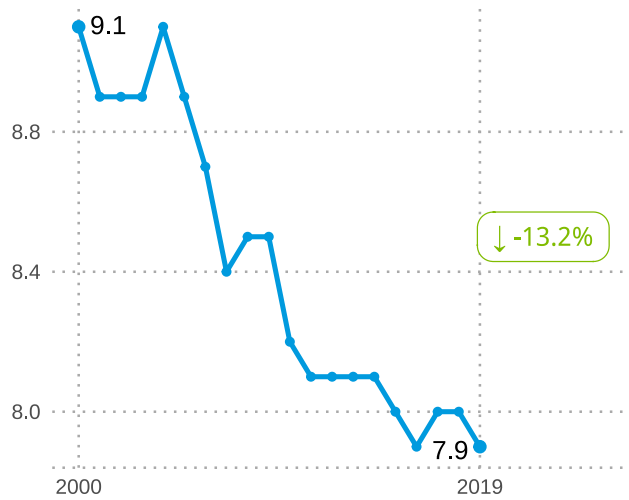


Eastern Mediterranean Region are the lightly shaded bars.

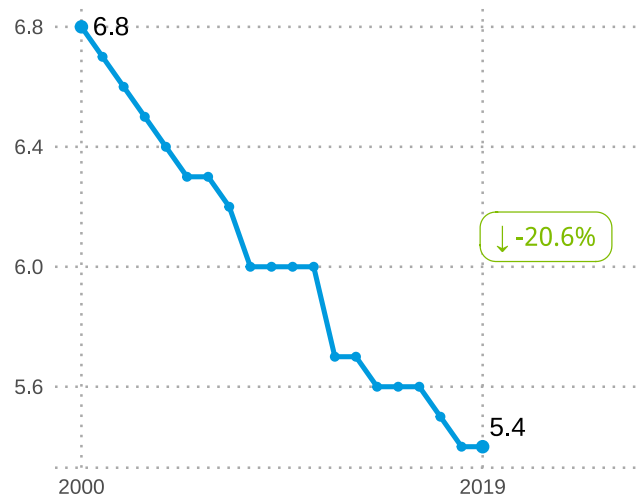
Health Statistics: Health Status



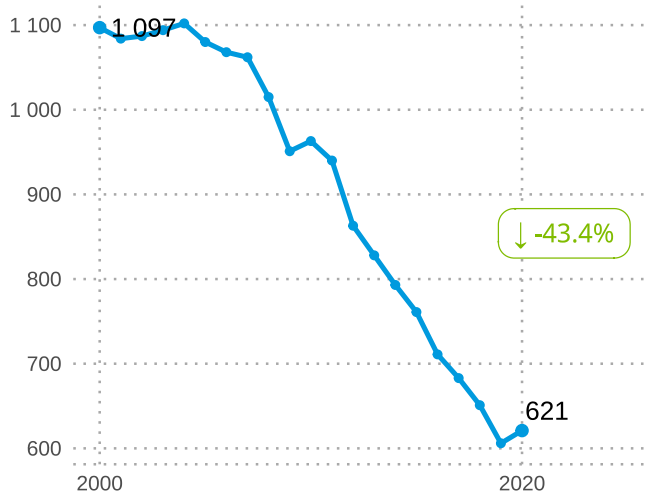
Suicide mortality rate (per 100 000 population)



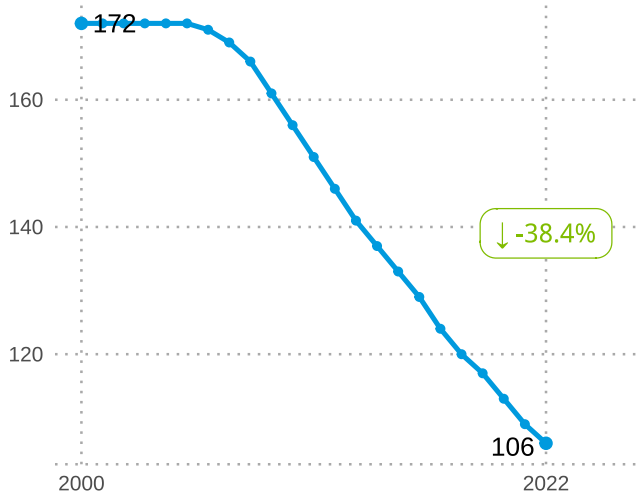
Mortality rate due to homicide (per 100 000 population)



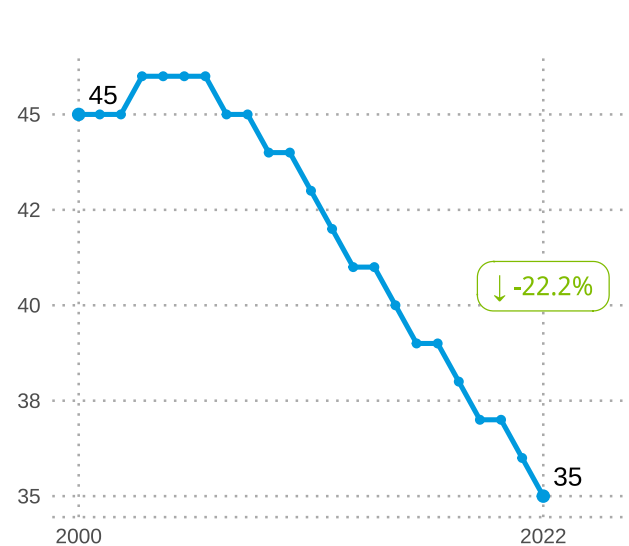
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)



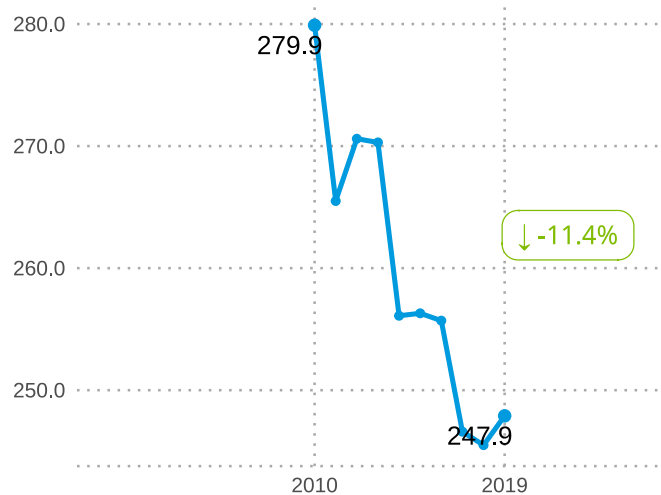
Under-five mortality rate (per 1000 live births)

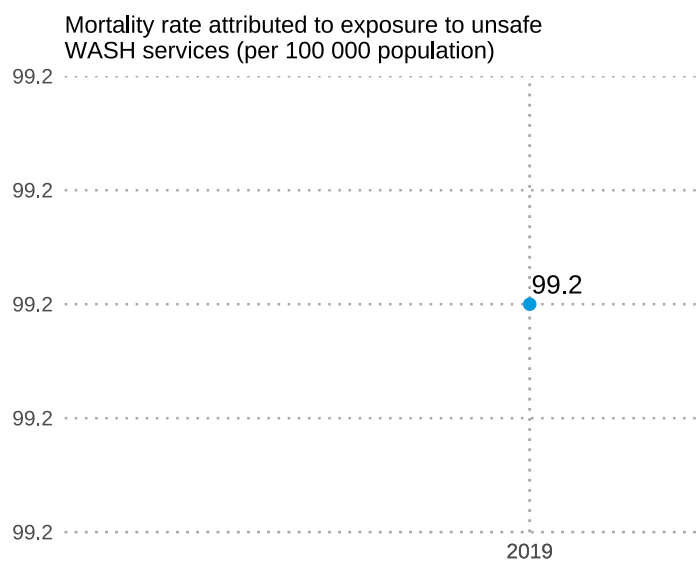


Neonatal mortality rate (per 1000 live births)



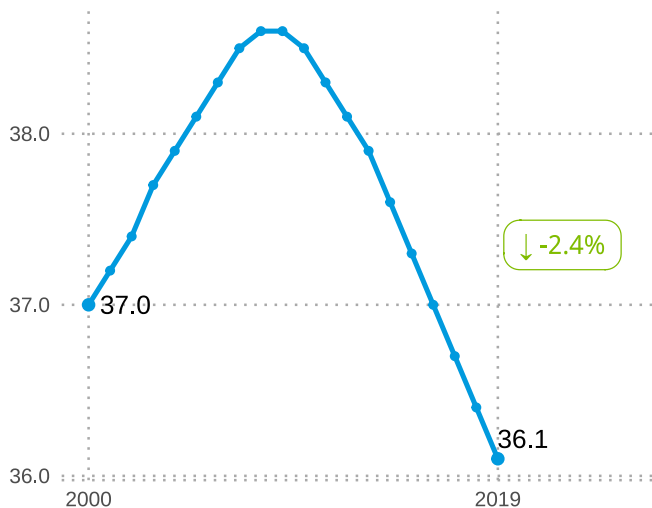
Age-standardized mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution (per 100 000 population)



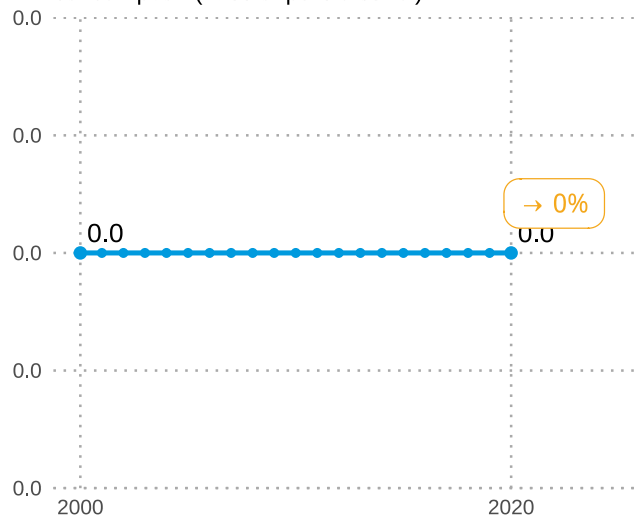


Health Statistics: Risk Factors

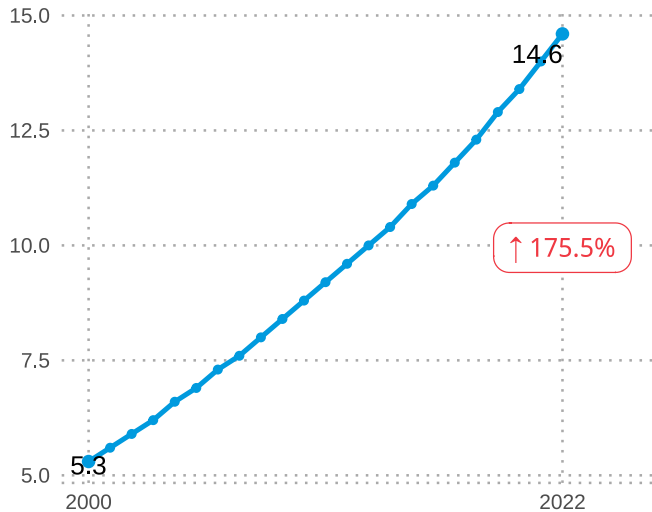
Age-standardized prevalence of hypertension among adults aged 30 to 79 years (%)



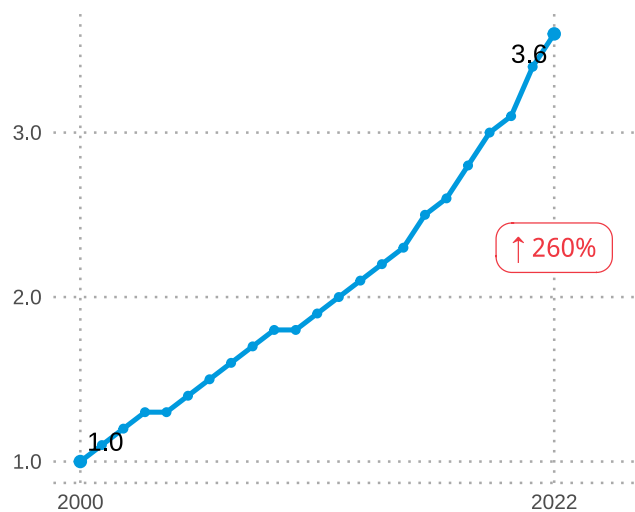
Total alcohol per capita (>= 15 years of age) consumption (litres of pure alcohol)



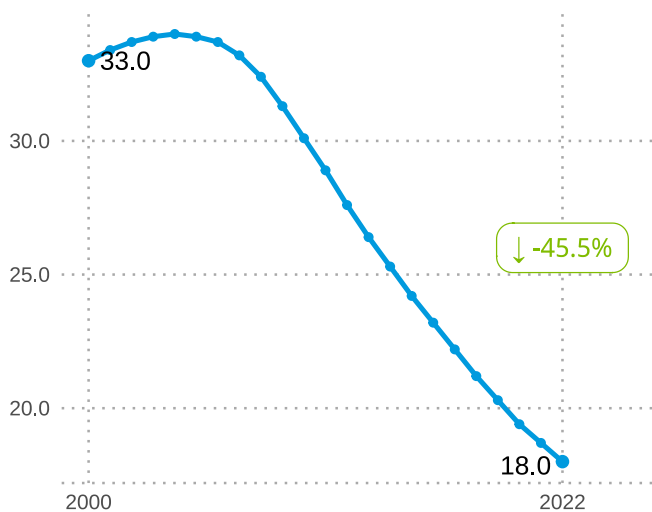
Age-standardized prevalence of obesity among adults (18+ years) (%)



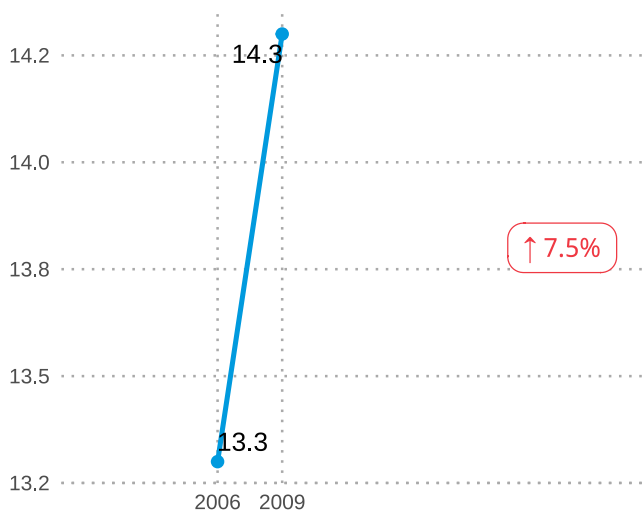
Prevalence of obesity among children and adolescents aged 5 to 19 years (%)



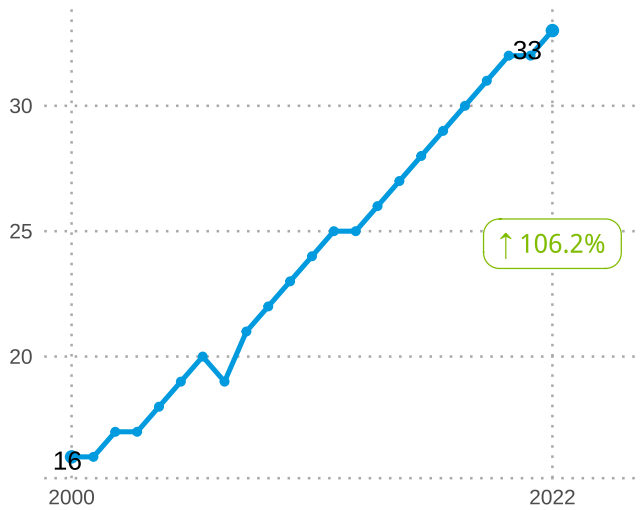
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 (%)



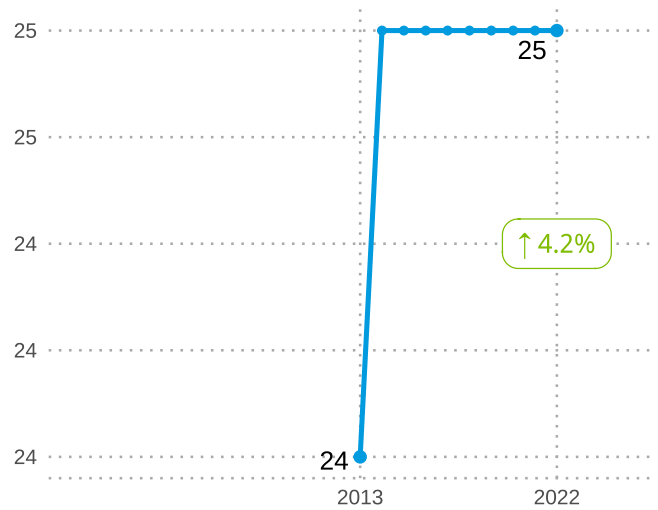
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 (%)



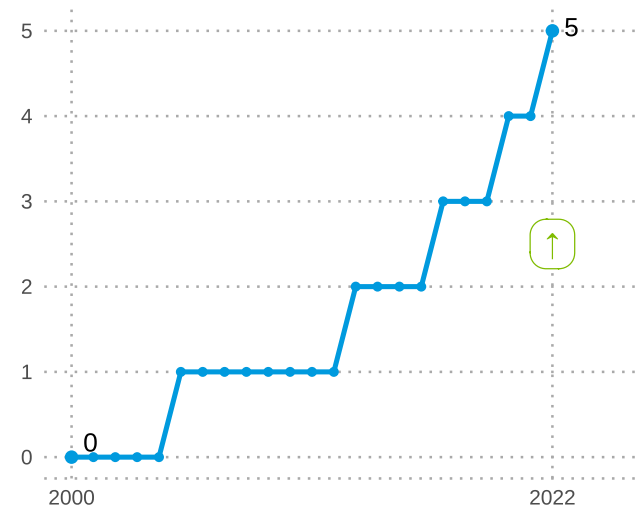
Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services (%)



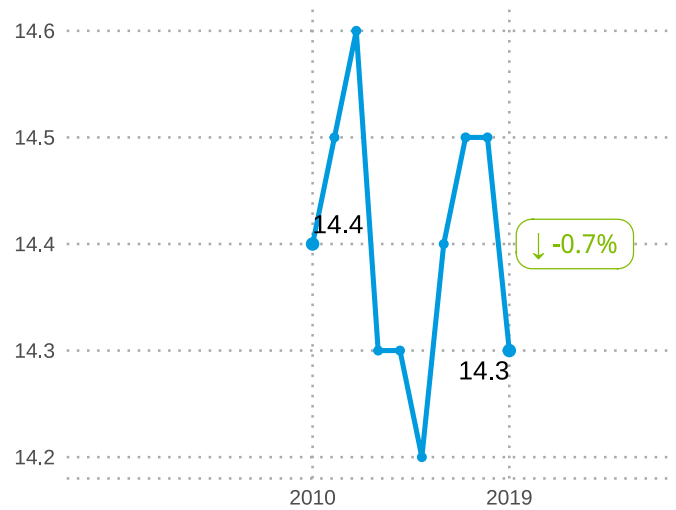
Proportion of population using a hand-washing facility with soap and water (%)



Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels (%)

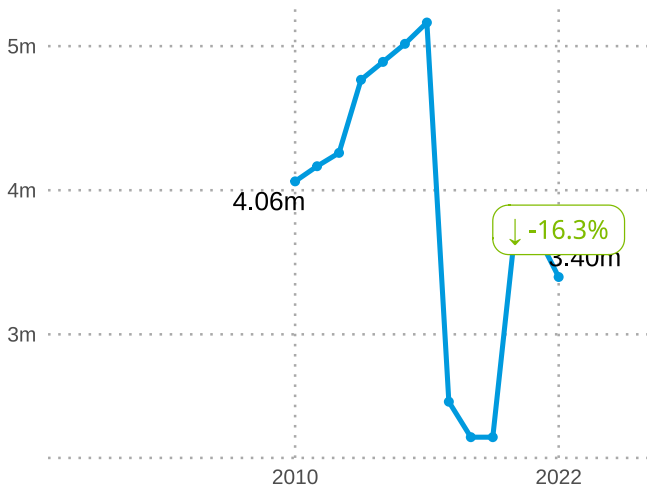


Annual mean concentrations of fine particulate matter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m3)

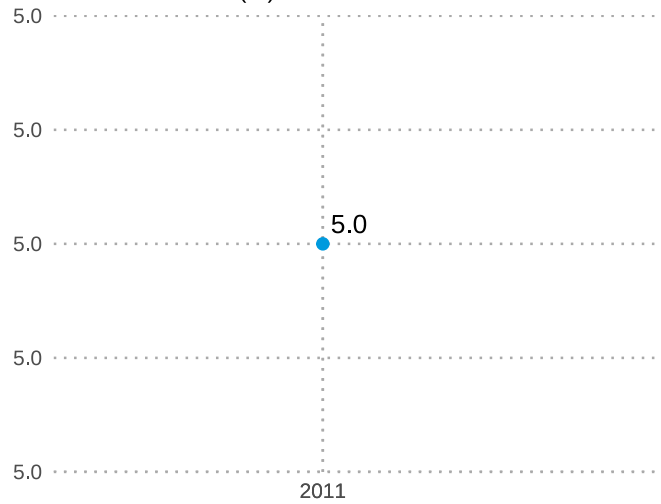


Health Statistics: Service Coverage

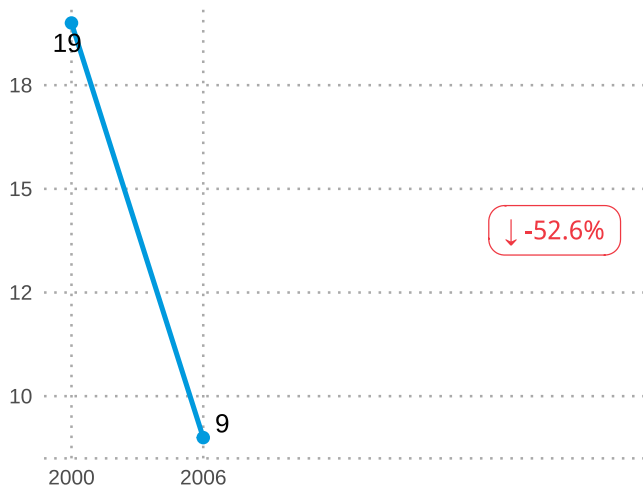
Reported number of people requiring interventions against Neglected Tropical Diseases



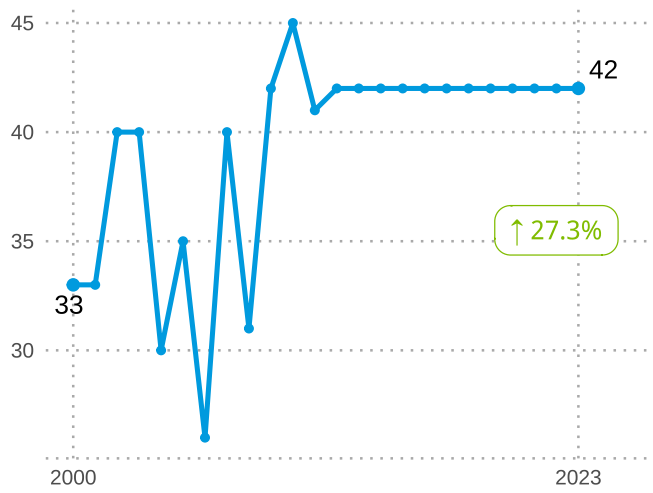
Proportion of women of reproductive age who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods (%)



Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel (%)

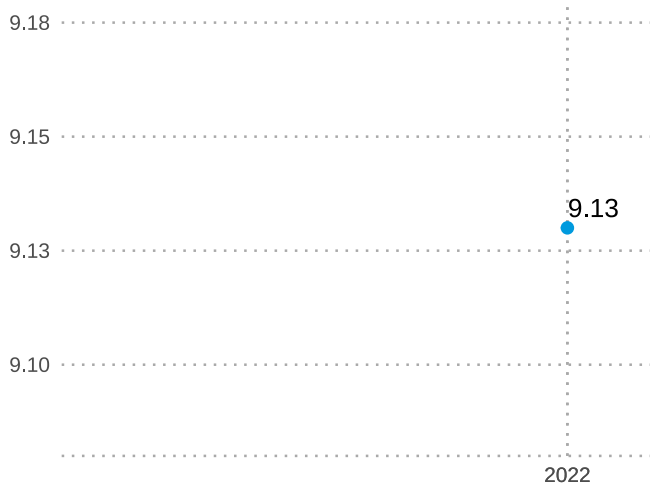


Diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis (DTP3) immunization coverage among 1 year olds (%)

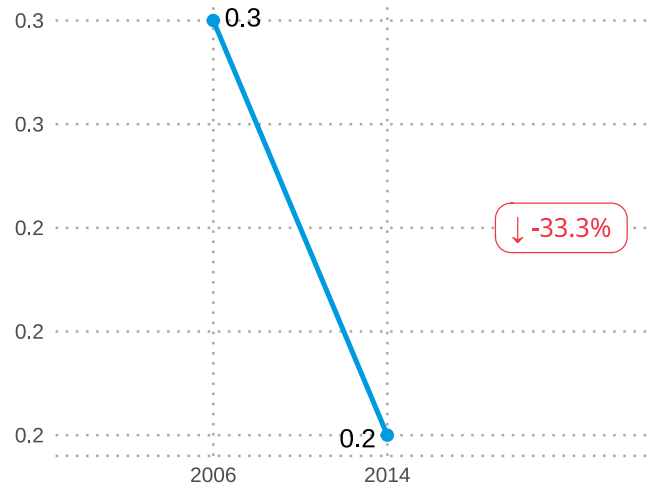


Health Statistics: Health Systems

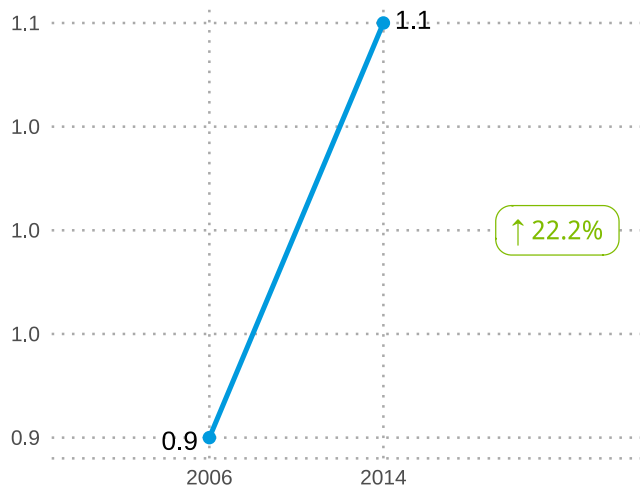
Total net official development assistance to medical research and basic health per capita (US\$), by recipient country



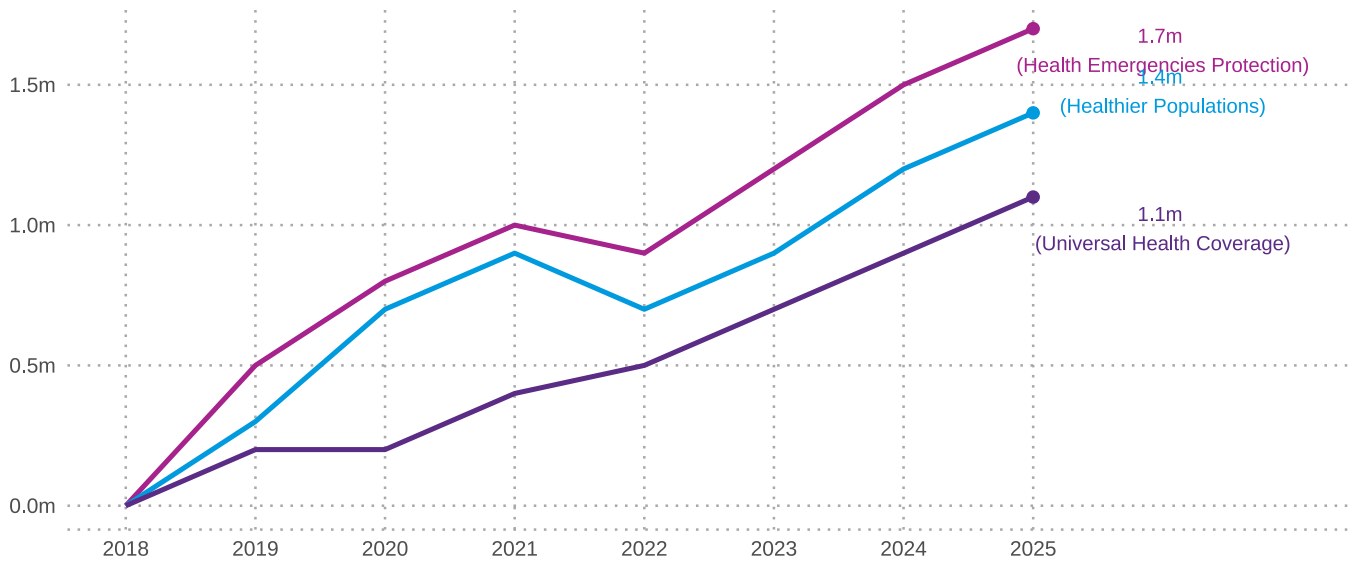
Density of physicians (per 10 000 population)



Density of nursing and midwifery personnel (per 10 000 population)

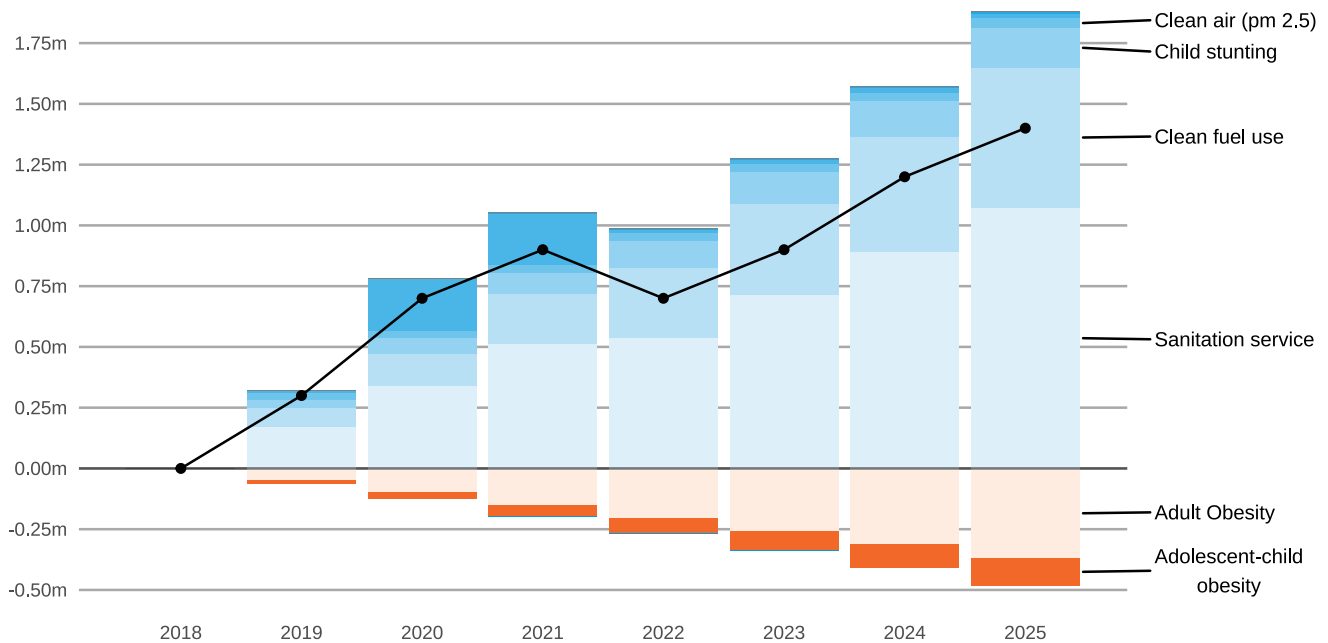


Triple Billions - Number of people affected (millions)



In Somalia, by 2025 the number of additional people projected to be: enjoying better health and wellbeing is 1.4 million; covered by essential services and not experiencing financial hardship is 1.1 million; and protected from health emergencies is 1.7 million.

Healthier Populations - individual indicator contributions (millions)



Other indicators below 1% of the total absolute contribution in 2025: Alcohol consumption, Child violence, Child development, Tobacco Use, Partner violence, Trans-fat policy, Child wasting, Safe water, Child overweight, Suicide mortality, Road deaths.

Further Resources

[WHO Global country page](#)

[WHO Global website](#)

Data Sources

| | |
|--|---|
| Population data | UNDESA population division, World Population Prospects 2022 Extracted: December 2024 |
| Current Health Expenditure (CHE) as % of GDP | World Health Organization, Global Health Expenditure database Extracted: August 2024 |
| Life expectancy and Healthy life expectancy (HALE) | World Health Organization, Global Health Estimates Extracted: December 2024 |
| Causes of death | World Health Organization, Global Health Estimates Extracted: December 2024 |
| Disease Burden | World Health Organization, Global Health Estimates, Burden of Disease Extracted: December 2024 |
| Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) Indicators | World Health Organization, The Global Health Observatory |
| Triple Billion | World Health Organization, Global Progress Dashboard, Triple Billion targets |

Date created: 11/12/2024

<https://data.who.int/countries/706>

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